

## Safety Data Sheet for 05316 – Buffing Solution

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND COMPANY NAME

NAME OF MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER:

**REMA TIP TOP AG**

Gruber Strasse 63  
D-85586 Poing

BUSINESS TELEPHONE No:  
EMERGENCY TELEPHONE No:

+49 (0) 8121 / 707-0  
**INTERNATIONAL:** +49 - (0) 6132 - 84463, GBK GmbH (24h - 7d/w - 365d/a)  
England and Wales: NHS Direct - 0845 4647; Scotland NHS 24 - 08454 24 24 24  
Email: [sds@gbk-ingelheim.de](mailto:sds@gbk-ingelheim.de)

PRODUCT NAME:

TIP TOP LIQUID BUFFER; free of chlorinated and aromatic hydrocarbons

PRODUCT TYPE:

Cleaning agent

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture**

Indications of danger: F - Highly flammable, Xn - Harmful, N - Dangerous for the environment

**R phrases:**

Highly flammable.  
Irritating to skin.  
Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.  
Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.  
Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**GHS classification**

**Hazard categories:**

Flammable liquid: Flam. Liq. 2  
Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin knit. 2  
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: STOT SE 3  
Aspiration hazard: Asp. lox. 1  
Hazardous to the aquatic environment: Aquatic Chronic 2

**Hazard Statements:**

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
Causes skin irritation.  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **2.2. Label elements**

**Pictograms:**

GHS02-GHS07-GHS08-GHS09



**Signal word:**

Danger

**Hazardous components which must be listed on the label**

Naphtha (petroleum)

### Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Precautionary statements

P261	Avoid breathing vapour.
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces, - No smoking.
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P391	Collect spillage.

### 2.3. Other hazards

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.2. Mixtures

#### Chemical characterization

Preparation solved in petroleum spirit

#### Hazardous components

EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
CAS No	Classification	
Index No	GHS classification	
REACH No		
921-024-6	Naphtha (petroleum) (Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclic compounds, <3% n-hexane)	> 95 %
64742-49-0	F - Highly flammable, Xn - Harmful, Xi - Irritant, N - Dangerous for the environment R11-38-51-53-65-67	
649-328-00-1	Flam Liq. 2, Skin Irrlt. 2, STOT SE 3, Asp. Tox. 1, Aquatic Chronic 2, H225 H315 H336 H304 H411	
01 -2119475514-35		

Full text of R and H phrases: see Section 16.

#### Further Information

According to note P to the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008, "Naphta (petroleum)" is not to be classified as "carcinogenic" or "mutagen" ingredient because a benzene content (EI NECS No. 200-753-7) is below 0.1% by weight.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### General information

Remove contaminated soaked clothing immediately.

In the event of persistent symptoms receive medical treatment. Take away from danger area and lay down affected person.

#### After inhalation

Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours.

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.

#### After contact with skin

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor if skin irritation persists.

#### After contact with eyes

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical treatment by eye specialist.

#### After ingestion

Do not induce vomiting.

Summon a doctor immediately. Induce vomiting only upon the advice of a physician.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Attention. Beware, danger of aspiration.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptoms.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

### **5.1. Extinguishing media**

#### **Suitable extinguishing media**

Foam, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), dry chemical, water-spray.

#### **Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons**

Full water jet.

### **5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Fire may produce:

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

### **5.3. Advice for firefighters**

Use breathing apparatus with independent air supply.

Protective suit.

#### **Additional information**

Vapours are heavier than air and spread along ground

The vapour/air mixture is explosive, even in empty, uncleaned receptacles.

Cool containers at risk with water spray jet.

Fire residues and contaminated firefighting water must be disposed of in accordance with the local regulations.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

In case of vapour formation use respirator.

Use only explosion-proof equipment.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Use personal protective clothing.

### **6.2 Environmental precautions**

Do not discharge into the drains/surface waters/ground water.

### **6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder). Shovel into suitable container for disposal.

### **6.4. Reference to other sections**

Observe protective instructions (see Sections 7 and 8).

Information for disposal see section 13.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### **7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Advice on safe handling**

Keep container tightly closed.

Vapours are heavier than air and spread along ground.

Use only in thoroughly ventilated areas

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

#### **Advice on protection against fire and explosion**

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Do not smoke – volatile.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Use only explosion-proof equipment.

### **7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

#### **Requirements for storage rooms and vessels**

Keep container tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Pay attention to anti-explosion rules.

#### **Advice on storage compatibility**

Incompatible with oxidizing agents

#### **Further information on storage conditions**

Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

### **7.3. Specific end use(s)**

Cleaning agent

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **8.1. Control parameters**

### **8.2. Exposure controls**

#### **Occupational exposure controls**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

#### **Protective and hygiene measures**

Do not inhale vapours.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

Treat subsequently with skin cream.

Remove and wash contaminated clothes before re-use.

(n-octanol/water) Log Pow:

4- 5,1

0,45 mPa.s

100%

#### **Respiratory protection**

In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment (gas filter type A) (EN 141).

#### **Hand protection**

Protective gloves resistant to chemicals made of nitrile, minimum coat thickness 0.4 mm, permeation resistance (wear duration) approx. 480 minutes, this recommendation refers exclusively to the chemical compatibility and the lab test conforming to EN 374 carried out under lab conditions.

Requirements can vary as a function of the use. Therefore it is necessary to adhere additionally to the recommendations given by the manufacturer of protective gloves.

#### **Eye protection**

Tightly fitting goggles (EN 166).

#### **Skin protection**

Solvent-resistant apron (EN 467).

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### **9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

#### **Physical state:**

Liquid

#### **Colour:**

Colourless

#### **Odour:**

Hydrocarbon-like

#### **Changes in the physical state/test method**

##### **Melting point:**

<- 50 °C

**Initial boiling point and boiling range:** 60 - 95 °C *ASTM D1078*

##### **Flash point:**

<- 25 °C

#### **Explosive properties**

The product is considered non-explosive; nevertheless explosive vapour/air mixture can be generated.

**Lower explosion limits:** 0,8 vol. %

**Ignition temperature:** 260 °C

**Density (at 15 °C):** approx. 0,69 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

*DIN 51794*

*DIN 51757*

**Upper explosion limits:**

**Vapour pressure: (at 20 °C)**

**Water solubility:(at 20 °C)**

8,0 vol. %

190hPa

0,02 g/L

**Partition coefficient:** (n-octanol/water) Log Pow: 4-5-1

**Viscosity / dynamic:** 0,45 mPa.s

**Solvent content:** 100%

### **9.2. Other information**

No data available.

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### **10.1. Reactivity**

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### **10.2. Chemical stability**

Stable under normal conditions.

### **10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Reactions with oxidizing agents

### **10.4. Conditions to avoid**

To avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat. Vapour/air mixtures are explosive at intensive warming. Heating can release vapours which can be ignited.

### **10.5. Incompatible materials**

oxidizing agents

### **10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **11.1. Information on toxicological effects**

#### **Acute toxicity**

LD50/oral/rat: > 2000 mg/kg

LD50/dermal/rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg

#### **Irritation and corrosivity**

Skin irritation: Irritant

Eye irritation: Not classified.

#### **Sensitising effects**

Not classified.

#### **Severe effects after repeated or prolonged exposure**

STOT - Single exposure: Category 3 (May cause drowsiness or dizziness.)

STOT - Repeated exposure: Not classified.

Aspiration hazard: Category 1 (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.)

#### **Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction**

Carcinogenicity: Not classified.

Mutagenicity: Not classified.

Teratogenicity: Not classified.

#### **Additional information on tests**

Classification in compliance with the assessment procedure specified in the Regulation (EC) no 1272/2008.

#### **Empirical data on effects on humans**

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Hazard of lung oedema.

Inhalation of high vapour concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Contact with eyes may cause irritation.

Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation and dermatitis, due to degreasing properties of the product.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **12.1. Toxicity**

Naphtha (petroleum)

LC50/EC50/EC50 : 1 - 10 mg/l

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **12.2. Persistence and degradability**

Readily biodegradable.

### **12.3. Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available.

### **12.4. Mobility in soil**

No data available.

### **12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) none of the substances, contained in this product are a PBT / vPvB substance.

### **12.6. Other adverse effects**

Low hazard to waters.

#### **Further information**

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system

## 13. DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS

### **13.1. Waste treatment methods**

#### **Advice on disposal**

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

#### **Waste disposal number of waste from residues/unused products**

140603 WASTE ORGANIC SOLVENTS, REFRIGERANTS AND PROPELLANTS (except 07 and 08); waste organic solvents, refrigerants and foam/aerosol propellants; other solvents and solvent mixtures Classified as hazardous waste.

### Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal.

Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and after appropriate cleansing may be taken for reuse.

Packaging that cannot be cleaned should be disposed of like the product

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### Land transport (ADR/RID)

**14.1. UN number:** UN 1263  
**14.2. UN proper shipping name:** Paint related material  
**14.3. Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
**14.4. Packing group:** II  
Hazard label: 3



Classification code: FI  
Limited quantity: 5 L / 30 kg  
Transport category: 2  
Hazard No: 33  
Tunnel restriction code: D/E

### Inland waterways transport (ADN)

**14.1. UN number:** UN 1263  
**14.2. UN proper shipping name:** Paint related material  
**14.3. Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
**14.4. Packing group:** II  
Hazard label: 3



Classification code: FI  
Limited quantity: 5 L / 30 kg

### Marine transport (IMDG)

**14.1. UN number:** UN 1263  
**14.2. UN proper shipping name:** Paint related material  
**14.3. Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
**14.4. Packing group:** II  
Hazard label: 3



Limited quantity: 5L / 30KG  
EmS: F-E, S-E

## Air transport (ICAO)

<b>14.1. UN/ID number:</b>	UN 1263
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name:</b>	Paint related material
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es):</b>	3
<b>14.4. Packing group:</b>	II
Hazard label:	3



Limited quantity Passenger.	Y341 / 1 L
IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:	353
IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:	5 L
IATA-packing instructions - Cargo:	364
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:	60 L

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous: yes



## 14.6. Special precautions for user

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

The transport takes place only in approved and appropriate packaging.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### EU regulatory information

1999/13/EC (VOC): 95- 100%

#### National regulatory information

Employment restrictions: Observe employment restrictions for young people. Observe employment restrictions for child bearing mothers and nursing.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For this substance a chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR = Accord europeen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route  
RID = Reglement concernant le transport international ferroviaire de marchandises dangereuses  
ADN = Accord europeen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voie de navigation inferieure  
IMDG = International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods  
IATA/ICAO = International Air Transport Association / International Civil Aviation Organization  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships  
IBC = Code International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals  
CAS = Chemical Abstract Service  
EN European norm  
ISO = International Organization for Standardization  
VOC = Volatile organic compound  
STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity single exposure  
STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity repeated exposure  
PBT = Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB Very Persistent and very Bio-accumulative

bw = body weight

LD = Lethal dose

LC = Lethal concentration

EC = Effect concentration

IC = Median immobilisation concentration or median inhibitory concentration

#### **Full text of R phrases referred to under Sections 2 and 3**

- 11 Highly flammable.
- 38 Irritating to skin,
- 51 Toxic to aquatic organisms.
- 51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
- 53 May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
- 65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
- 67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

#### **Full text of H statements referred to under Sections 2 and 3**

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways,
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Further Information**

Data of items 4 to 8, as well as 10 to 12, do partly not refer to the use and the regular employing of the product (in this sense consult information on use and on product), but to liberation of major amounts in case of accidents and irregularities.

The information describes exclusively the safety requirements for the product(s) and is based on the present level of our knowledge.

The delivery specifications are contained in the corresponding product sheet.

This data does not constitute a guarantee for the characteristics of the product(s) as defined by the legal warranty regulations.

(n.a. = not applicable; n.d. = not determined)

#### **Disclaimer**

The information supplied in this Safety Data Sheet is designed only as guidance for the safe use, storage and handling of the product. This information is correct to the best of our knowledge and belief at the date of publication however no guarantee is made to its accuracy. This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any other process. As the application of products is outside our control, the information is given without legal responsibility. Customers should test under their own conditions to ensure the products are suitable for their own requirements.